The University of the State of New York

REGENTS HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION

LIVING ENVIRONMENT

Thursday, August 17, 2023 — 12:30 to 3:30 p.m., only

Student Name _____

School Name _____

The possession or use of any communications device is strictly prohibited when taking this examination. If you have or use any communications device, no matter how briefly, your examination will be invalidated and no score will be calculated for you.

Print your name and the name of your school on the lines above.

A separate answer sheet for multiple-choice questions in Parts A, B–1, B–2, and D has been provided to you. Follow the instructions from the proctor for completing the student information on your answer sheet.

You are to answer <u>all</u> questions in all parts of this examination. Record your answers for <u>all</u> multiple-choice questions, including those in Parts B–2 and D, on the separate answer sheet. Record your answers for <u>all</u> open-ended questions directly in this examination booklet. All answers in this examination booklet should be written in pen, except for graphs and drawings, which should be done in pencil. You may use scrap paper to work out the answers to the questions, but be sure to record <u>all</u> your answers on the answer sheet or in this examination booklet as directed.

When you have completed the examination, you must sign the declaration printed on your separate answer sheet, indicating that you had no unlawful knowledge of the questions or answers prior to the examination and that you have neither given nor received assistance in answering any of the questions during the examination. Your answer sheet cannot be accepted if you fail to sign this declaration.

Notice ...

A four-function or scientific calculator must be available for you to use while taking this examination.

DO NOT OPEN THIS EXAMINATION BOOKLET UNTIL THE SIGNAL IS GIVEN.

Part A

Answer all questions in this part. [30]

Directions (1-30): For *each* statement or question, record on the separate answer sheet the *number* of the word or expression that, of those given, best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 1 After ingesting Vitamin D, the body converts it into a hormone that is transported throughout the body. This hormone affects cells in the intestines and bones. The reason that this hormone affects only certain cells in the body is because these cells have
 - (1) specific receptors(3) specific organelles(2) antibodies(4) genes
- 2 Most scientists agree that a large asteroid struck Earth around 65 million years ago. The impact sent large amounts of fine dust particles into the atmosphere, which reduced the amount of sunlight reaching the planet. This event would have the most immediate effect on

(1) herbivores	(3) carnivores
(2) decomposers	(4) autotrophs

- 3 The photic sneeze reflex, an inherited trait, causes some people to sneeze when they are exposed to bright sunlight. In the photic sneeze reflex, the sunlight acts as
 - (1) the effect of an environmental factor resulting in a genetic trait
 - (2) a biotic factor being passed from parent to offspring
 - (3) an environmental factor stimulating a response
 - (4) the recombination of genes resulting from sexual reproduction
- 4 Difficulties often occur when tissues or organs are transplanted from one person to another because the
 - (1) transplanted structures cannot produce new cells
 - (2) rate of mitosis differs between the two people involved
 - (3) introduction of a foreign substance causes the formation of antibodies
 - (4) two people often have the same blood type

- 5 In humans, digestion depends on a variety of organs, such as the stomach, small intestine, and liver. The interactions of these organs provide evidence that
 - (1) each organ in the human body plays a role in only one life function
 - (2) organs in humans work together, resulting in the survival of the individual
 - (3) the most important life function in humans is the breaking down of food
 - (4) each life function is carried out by at least four different systems in humans
- 6 An example of how a plant maintains homeostasis includes
 - (1) producing many seeds for reproduction
 - (2) controlling the amount of available solar energy
 - (3) recycling energy from the Sun
 - (4) regulating the action of guard cells
- 7 Below is a list of events that might occur in a cell.

A – synthesis of a new protein
B – a cell function changes
C – alteration of the base sequence on a
strand of DNA
D – exposure to radiation

Which is the correct sequence in which these events could occur?

(1) D - B - A - C	$(3) \ B - A - C - D$
(2) C - D - B - A	(4) D - C - A - B

- 8 The structures most directly involved in the synthesis of cellular proteins are the
 - (1) nucleus and ribosomes
 - (2) cell membrane and nucleus
 - (3) chloroplasts and cell membrane
 - (4) mitochondria and chloroplasts

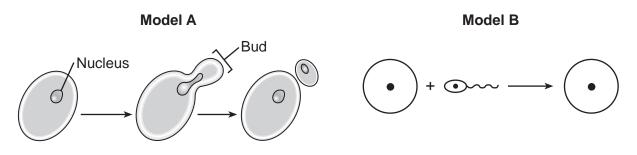
9 Hydrangea, a commonly used landscaping flower, can have dramatically different colors, depending on the pH of the soil in which it is grown.

DEEP BLUE			PURPLE -PINK			deep Pink
4.5	5.0	5.5	6.0	6.5	6.8	7.0
			Source:	Adapted fro	om www.es	spoma.com

Hydrangea Flowers at Different pH Values

The differences in color demonstrate that

- (1) traits can be expressed differently if the environment changes
- (2) flower color is controlled only by genetic information
- (3) abiotic factors do not have an effect on flower production
- (4) pH is the only factor that affects flower growth
- 10 Potato plants reproduce both sexually and asexually. Depending on the desired outcome, potato growers use both types of reproduction. A grower would most likely want the potato plants to reproduce asexually when
 - (1) selectively breeding new potato varieties
 - (2) there is a disease affecting similar potatoes growing in the area
 - (3) environmental conditions in the area are changing
 - (4) potatoes with the same traits are desired
- 11 Creatine, a popular nutritional supplement, is used to decrease fatigue by increasing ATP in muscle cells. The cell structure directly responsible for the increased production of ATP in human muscle cells is the
 - (1) chloroplast (3) vacuole
 - (2) mitochondrion (4) nucleus
- 12 Models *A* and *B* below illustrate two different methods of reproduction.



Which statement best describes the offspring that result from these methods?

- (1) Both models *A* and *B* produce offspring that have fewer chromosomes than the parent cells.
- (2) Both models A and B result in offspring that have more chromosomes than the parent cells.
- (3) Model A produces offspring with genetic information different from the parent. Model B produces offspring that are genetically identical to the parents.
- (4) Model *A* produces offspring with identical genetic information to the parent cells. Model *B* produces offspring that are genetically different from the parent cells.

- 13 As a population of organisms within a forest ecosystem increases, the size of the population is eventually limited by
 - (1) the overproduction of their food supply
 - (2) the size of similar populations in a nearby ecosystem
 - (3) a finite supply of water and nutrients
 - (4) a lack of competition
- 14 Solar and wind power are options available to people interested in producing electricity while reducing their reliance on fossil fuels. A benefit of using these alternative energy sources is that they
 - (1) preserve natural resources for future generations
 - (2) increase the number of jobs required for mining coal
 - $(3)\,$ ensure that supplies of fossil fuels will never decrease
 - (4) cost more to generate than all other sources of electricity
- 15 Tourists travel to the Adirondacks in the fall to see the changing colors in the leaves of the trees. The leaves turn from green to many shades of red, yellow, and orange, as the chlorophyll slowly breaks down.



Source: www.lakegeorgeguide.com

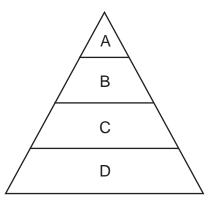
A *decrease* in green chlorophyll in the chloroplasts will directly result in

- (1) an increase in the glucose and oxygen produced
- (2) a decrease in the glucose and oxygen produced
- (3) an increase in the glucose and a decrease in the carbon dioxide produced
- (4) a decrease in the glucose and an increase in the carbon dioxide produced

- 16 Which statement most accurately describes the expected effect on the carrying capacity of a population if a change in a factor occurs?
 - (1) The number of snowshoe hares would increase if the population of Canadian lynx, a predator, also increased.
 - (2) The population of green algae would increase if chemical weed killers used on lawns entered the lake.
 - (3) The grass population would decrease if the foxes ate many rabbits.
 - (4) The population of Kaibab deer in Arizona would decrease if they overgrazed the plants.
- 17 Powassan is a rare, tick-borne virus that is found in areas near the Great Lakes and the northeastern United States. The tick is not affected by the virus, but humans bitten by a tick carrying the virus will develop a serious illness. The risk of getting the Powassan virus is greatest in June and July. This information supports the concept that
 - (1) all viruses around the Great Lakes are spread by infected ticks
 - (2) this virus is harmful to all living organisms that it infects
 - (3) relationships between organisms may be negative, neutral, or positive
 - (4) time of year, alone, determines if infection with the Powassan virus is possible
- 18 Which two structures are directly involved in the normal development of a human fetus?
 - (1) uterus and placenta
 - (2) oviducts and ovaries
 - (3) testes and ovaries
 - (4) placenta and stomach
- 19 Which statement correctly describes an organism's genetic information?
 - (1) DNA molecules contain four subunits known as genes.
 - (2) Chromosomes are made entirely of protein.
 - (3) Genes are made of long sequences of chromosomes.
 - (4) DNA contains combinations of four base subunits.

- 20 Forest ecosystems help regulate climate, prevent soil erosion, and play a role in the cycling of water. Since the 18th century, humans have cleared nearly half of Earth's forests. Which statement best describes the effects of this deforestation?
 - (1) It affects only the species of animals that live there.
 - (2) It disrupts many natural processes that humans depend on.
 - (3) It increases plant biodiversity in nearby ecosystems.
 - (4) It increases human reliance on renewable resources.
- 21 The instructions for making an important protein in the blood-clotting process may be missing in some individuals. Scientists can now isolate these instructions and insert them into a yeast cell that will then produce the protein. Altering yeast cells in this way is known as
 - (1) selective breeding
 - (2) genetic engineering
 - (3) homeostatic regulation
 - (4) natural selection
- 22 Snake venom is modified saliva containing enzymes and other proteins that break down tissue surrounding the bite and destroy blood cells. If bitten, the damage caused by this type of venom would most likely be slowed by
 - (1) applying ice to the area where the patient was bitten
 - (2) having the patient drink a large amount of water
 - (3) forcing the patient to vomit, in order to remove the venom
 - (4) increasing the rate of blood flow by having the patient exercise
- 23 Which two processes are directly required for a human zygote to be produced?
 - (1) mitosis and fertilization
 - (2) meiosis and fertilization
 - (3) mitosis and differentiation
 - (4) meiosis and differentiation

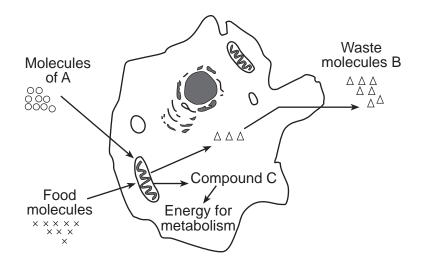
- 24 The element carbon and its compounds are constantly cycled between the living and nonliving parts of the ecosystem. This cycling is important because
 - (1) without carbon dioxide in the atmosphere, the ozone shield would break down completely
 - (2) carbon is a component of DNA, proteins, and other compounds essential for living organisms
 - (3) the process of photosynthesis releases carbon dioxide into the atmosphere, where it can be taken in by animals for the process of respiration
 - (4) carbon is required by humans to make all of the same proteins that all other mammals synthesize
- 25 Cane toads are native to parts of Central and South America. They were introduced to Australia in the 1930s to help control cane beetles. Cane toads have lethal toxins in their skin and release them from glands when attacked by predators. Cane toads disrupt food webs in Australia because they
 - (1) reduce populations of local species
 - (2) increase the stability of ecosystems
 - (3) preserve beetles that feed on crops
 - (4) provide a potential source of medicine
- 26 The diagram below represents an energy pyramid.



At which level do the organisms all carry on *both* respiration and photosynthesis?

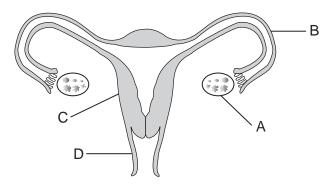
(1) A	(3) C
(2) B	(4) D

27 The diagram below represents some activities carried on by a single-celled organism.



This single-celled organism is maintaining homeostasis by

- (1) limiting the number of the molecules of A that it excretes
- (2) eliminating molecules of compound B
- (3) excreting molecules of compound C
- (4) using sunlight to increase the number of food molecules that it takes in
- 28 The diagram below represents the human female reproductive system.



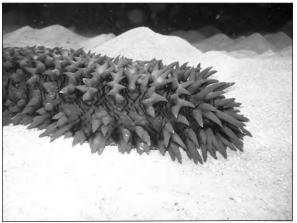
Which row in the chart correctly describes the normal function of *two* of the labeled structures?

Row	Structures and Their Functions					
(1)	eggs are produced in A, and the fetus develops in B					
(2)	meiosis occurs in A, and development occurs in D					
(3)	fertilization occurs in B, and the placenta forms in C					
(4)	fertilization occurs in D, and the fetus develops in C					

29 A proposal for a new manufacturing plant has been brought to a town's planning board. A committee has been assigned the task of presenting the positive and negative effects that this new facility could have on the town and its ecosystem. Which row of the chart most accurately states possible effects of building this manufacturing plant?

Row	Positive	Negative
(1)	more jobs for residents	increased demand for energy
(2)	more space available for farming	people will have to move
(3) increased use of fossil fuels		more pollution
(4)	more tax revenue for the town	decrease in the unemployment rate

30 The sea cucumber, a relative of sea stars and sea urchins, was once mostly ignored by humans. Even though no scientific evidence exists, some people believe that eating sea cucumbers has medical benefits. As a result, sea cucumbers that were once plentiful are now found in small numbers.



Source: https://farm3.staticflickr.com

Which statement most directly describes this situation?

- (1) Sea cucumbers are an animal resource being appropriately managed to benefit humans.
- (2) The population of sea cucumbers is being greatly reduced by natural predators, such as sea stars.
- (3) The direct harvesting of organisms by humans can have irreversible effects.
- (4) Biological research has led to the use of plant and animal products that have medical benefits.

Part B-1

Answer all questions in this part. [13]

Directions (31–43): For *each* statement or question, record on the separate answer sheet the *number* of the word or expression that, of those given, best completes the statement or answers the question.

Base your answer to question 31 on the photographs below and on your knowledge of biology.

Mt. St. Helens erupted in 1980. The photographs represent the changing environment in the area of the Mt. St. Helens volcano in 1988 and 2001.



Source: https://www.tes.com/lessons/EYCSa5yDUpRu3A

- 31 Following the volcanic eruption in 1980, which process occurred that resulted in an increase in the number of species?
 - (1) ecological succession

(3) biological evolution

(2) deforestation

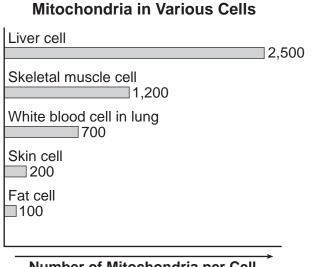
- (4) differentiation
- 32 The table below shows data collected during an experiment conducted by Jan Baptista van Helmont in the 1600s. The soil was dried before all masses were taken.

	Start of Experiment	After Five Years of Growth
Soil mass (kg)	90.9	90.8
Willow tree mass (kg)	2.3	76.8

Which explanation is consistent with the data collected?

- (1) The increased mass of the willow tree came only from materials taken in from the soil in which it was planted.
- (2) The increased mass of the willow tree was the result of cellular respiration during the five-year period.
- (3) The willow tree did not use any material from the soil during the five-year period.
- (4) The increased mass of the willow tree was the result of the tree taking in materials from its environment.

33 The graph below provides information about the number of mitochondria in various types of cells.



Approximate Number of

Number of Mitochondria per Cell

Source: Adapted from What is Life? A Guide to Biology © 2012 W.H. Freeman and Company

Which type of cells most likely require the greatest input of oxygen?

- (1) white blood cells
- (2) skin cells

- (3) fat cells
- (4) liver cells

34 The news article below appeared in a New Zealand newspaper dated August 14, 1912:

COAL CONSUMPTION AFFECT-ING CLIMATE.

The furnaces of the world are now burning about 2,000,000,000 tons of coal'a vear. When this is burned, uniting with oxygen, it adds about 7,000,000,000 tons of carbon dioxide to the atmosphere yearly. This tends to make the air a more effective blanket for the earth and to raise its temperature. The effect may be considerable in a few centuries.

Source: https://www.livescience.com/63334-coal-affecting-climate-century-ago.html

The prediction in the news article, which was made over 100 years ago, may be considered

- (1) accurate because the average global temperature has risen
- (2) accurate because the average global temperature has lowered
- (3) inaccurate because we don't burn coal today
- (4) inaccurate because our carbon dioxide production has decreased

- 35 It has been widely accepted that humans inherit mitochondria from their mothers. DNA sequencing has recently provided evidence that children from several families with a history of mitochondrial disease have inherited mitochondria from their fathers. This discovery illustrates the concept that
 - (1) scientists in the past did not ask questions about the reliability of the source of data
 - (2) experiments without controls are valid if they obtain new information
 - (3) scientific explanations are tentative and subject to change as new discoveries are made
 - (4) claims should be questioned only when based on large samples of unbiased data

Base your answers to questions 36 and 37 on the diagram and chart below and on your knowledge of biology.

The diagram represents events that occur during the early stages of embryonic development. The chart shows some of the genes (A-E) present in each of the three cell types shown in the diagram.

The genes that are shaded in the chart represent genes that are expressed and used by that cell type.

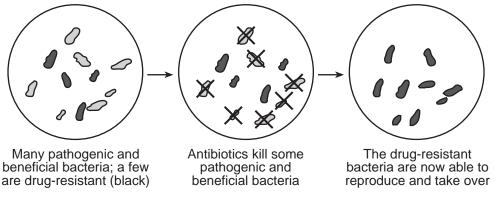
			Ge	ne Express	ion
		Cell type 1	Cell Type 1	Cell Type 2	Cell Type 3
•	→ 🎆 –	Cell type 2	А	А	А
Zygote	ංහර Embryo	200	В	В	В
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			С	С	С
		Cell type 3	D	D	D
			E	E	E
		Ý			

36 Different cell types can arise from genetically identical embryonic cells because

- (1) different cells in the embryo contain completely different genes
- (2) fertilization results in new gene combinations, which result in the different cell types
- (3) mutations in embryonic cells result in new genes, resulting in the different cell types
- (4) different cells have the same genes, but the same genes aren't expressed in all cells
- 37 A substance that is essential to the functioning of all cells is most likely coded for by gene

(1) A	(3) C
(2) B	(4) D

38 The diagram illustrates activities taking place with some bacteria.

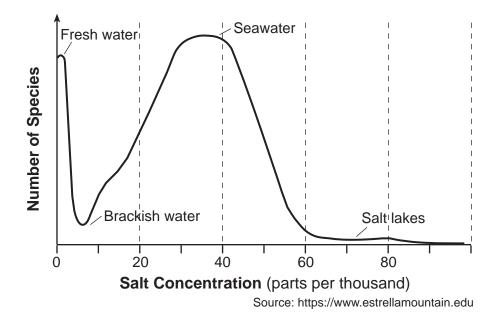


Source: Adapted from: http://www.cdc.gov

Individuals who contract a disease caused by a strain of a drug-resistant bacteria are at risk. This is because, when they are treated with certain antibiotics,

- (1) the resistant bacteria survive in greater numbers and pass the trait to their offspring
- (2) the beneficial bacteria are unaffected, rapidly reproduce, and destroy the resistant bacteria
- (3) the resistant bacteria are killed only by increasing the dose of antibiotics
- (4) the beneficial bacteria survive but do not pass their traits to their offspring

39 The graph below compares the number of species found in ecosystems with different salt concentrations.



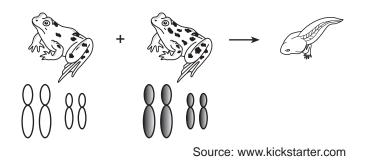
Based on the data presented in the graph, which ecosystems are most likely to remain stable over time?

- (1) fresh water and seawater because more species in an ecosystem increases the variety of genetic material available
- (2) fresh water and seawater because an increased number of species causes salt concentration in the water to increase
- (3) brackish water and seawater because high salt concentration increases the number of species in water ecosystems
- (4) brackish water and salt lakes because salty water damages DNA, which results in fewer species surviving

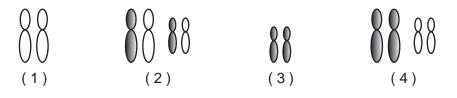
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Living Environment-August '23

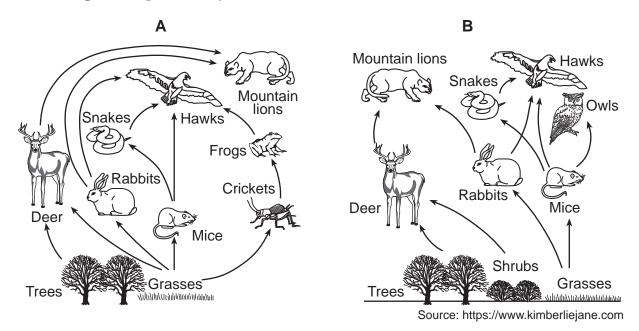
40 The diagram below represents a male and female frog with a model of their chromosomes and their tadpole offspring.



Identify the pattern of chromosomes possible in the tadpole offspring from these parent frogs.



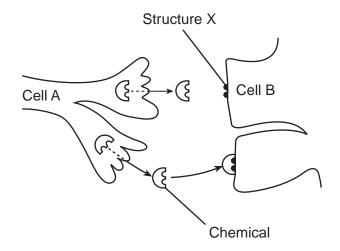
41 Food webs representing two nearby locations are shown below.



Which statement best describes what would most likely happen if some of the owls from location B moved to location A?

- (1) The mountain lion population in location B will move to location A.
- (2) The deer population in location A will decrease due to lack of resources.
- (3) The hawk population in location A will decrease due to competition for food.
- (4) The owl population in location B will increase due to a decrease in genetic variation.

42 Two human nerve cells are represented below.



The process represented in the diagram indicates that

- (1) cell *A* is providing food to cell B
- (2) a chemical from cell B is communicating with cell A
- (3) cells A and B are attaching to each other
- (4) cell A is communicating with cell B
- 43 Cellulose is the chemical name for the fiber found in fruits and vegetables. Cellulose is similar in structure to starch. It is most likely that humans can digest starch but *not* cellulose because
 - (1) cellulose molecules are too big to be absorbed into cells
 - (2) humans have enzymes to break down starch, but not cellulose
 - (3) humans have only starch-digesting ribosomes in their digestive system
 - (4) humans convert excess cellulose to glucose

Part B-2

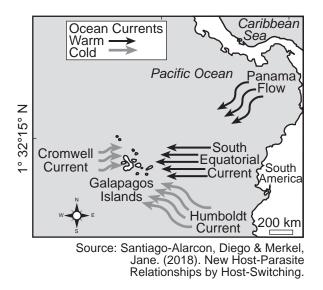
Answer all questions in this part. [12]

Directions (44–55): For those questions that are multiple choice, record on the separate answer sheet the *number* of the choice that, of those given, best completes each statement or answers each question. For all other questions in this part, follow the directions given and record your answers in the spaces provided in this examination booklet.

Base your answers to questions 44 through 49 on the information and data table below and on the next page, and on your knowledge of biology.

Galapagos Penguins

The Galapagos Islands, located just off the coast of Ecuador, are situated where the cool Humboldt current from the southeast, the warm Panama Flow current from the northeast, and the cold upwelling Cromwell current come together.





Source: J. Bartsch

The islands are home to a large number of unique animal and plant species. Darwin's finches are some of the most famous of the bird species. Another unique bird species is the Galapagos penguin. It is one of the smallest penguin species in the world. It is also the most northerly of all penguins. Their small population size and limited geographic range has resulted in them being classified as endangered.

In terms of diet, Galapagos penguins are generalists. They feed on animal life close to shore. They herd fish toward obstacles, such as rocks or boats, where they are trapped and easy to prey upon. The birds' ability to thrive at this tropical latitude is a result of ocean upwelling that results in cold water from the depths being pushed closer to the surface. The upwelling brings food from deeper in the ocean up to where various animal species can feed on it.

Some researchers claim that global climate change is increasing the ability of the Galapagos penguin to survive and reproduce. Others claim that decreases in the size of the Galapagos penguin population are directly related to warming temperatures. The sea surface temperature (SST) of the water surrounding the Galapagos Islands has been measured and is recorded in the data table.

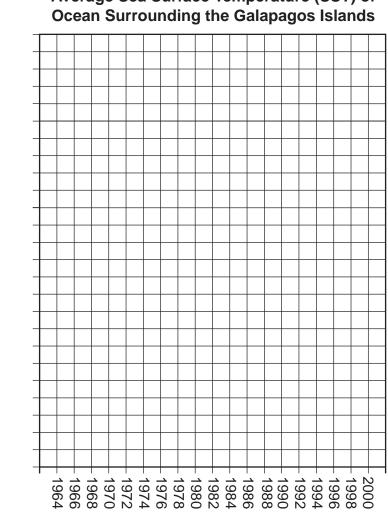
Average Sea Surface Temperature (SST) of Ocean Surrounding the Galapagos Islands										
Year	1964	1966	1970	1972	1980	1982	1990	1994	1997	1998
Average SST (°C)	25.6	22.6	22.4	22.8	23.2	25.5	23.6	22.6	26.2	22.6

Directions (44–45): Using the information given, construct a line graph on the grid provided, following the instructions below.

- 44 Mark an appropriate scale, without any breaks in the data, on the axis labeled Average SST (°C). [1]
- 45 Plot the data on the grid provided, connect the points, and surround each point with a small circle. [1]

Example: •

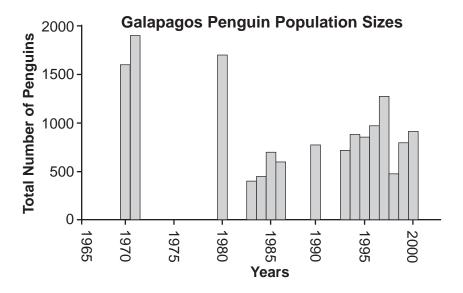
Average SST (°C)



Average Sea Surface Temperature (SST) of

- 46 In addition to the surface water temperatures, what additional data could help explain the annual variation in the penguin population? Explain your reasoning. [1]
- 47 Ocean currents are associated with food availability for the Galapagos penguins. This is most likely due to the
 - (1) Panama Flow current carrying food from southern regions of the ocean to the Galapagos Islands
 - (2) Humboldt current bringing large amounts of algae from the southern ocean for the penguins to eat
 - (3) Cromwell current bringing food up to the surface from deeper in the ocean
 - (4) currents transporting the penguins to where the most food is located

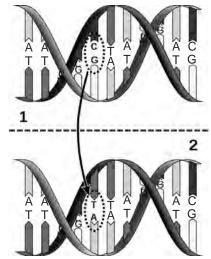
The graph below provides information about Galapagos penguin population sizes.



- 48 Using numeric data from the Galapagos Penguin Population Sizes graph, describe the overall trend in the size of the penguin population between 1970 and 2000. Support your answer with data from the graph. [1]
- 49 Of all penguin species, the Galapagos penguin lives in the warmest climate. Which statement describes a behavioral adaptation that would allow these penguins to be successful in their warm environment?
 - (1) Adult Galapagos penguins are about 19 inches tall and weigh about 5.5 pounds.
 - (2) These penguins lean forward to shade their feet from the Sun, and they stretch their flipper-like wings out to the sides. This helps them lose heat from the underparts of their wings and shades their feet.
 - (3) Female penguins lay two eggs directly on the lava flows.
 - (4) Galapagos penguin chicks develop special feathers: brown above with white underneath. This protects them from sunburn, rather than keeping them warm.

Base your answers to questions 50 and 51 on the diagram below and on your knowledge of biology.

The diagram represents a segment of DNA in a body cell that has undergone a change in one of the molecular base pairs.



Source: Adapted from: http://rosalind.info/media/ problems/hamm/point_mutation.png

- 50 What is a possible result of the change shown in the diagram?
 - (1) The number of chromosomes would decrease.
 - (2) The gene would move to another chromosome.
 - (3) A specific enzyme would no longer be made.
 - (4) More amino acids would be produced.
- 51 Would this change be present in the new body cells formed from this cell? Support your answer. [1]

Base your answer to question 52 on the information below and on your knowledge of biology.

Microplastics in the Environment

A scientific study discovered that small bits of plastic that are present in the environment are being ingested by mosquito larvae. These microplastics remain in their bodies throughout adulthood. Scientists are concerned that these microplastics could affect other animals, including humans.

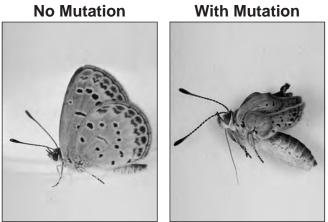
52 Describe how microplastics could be present in animals that do not normally eat mosquitoes. [1]

53 Explain why environmental factors have the greatest effect on an embryo during the early stages of pregnancy. [1]

Base your answer to question 54 on the information below and on your knowledge of biology.

Butterfly Mutations

A Japanese nuclear power plant was damaged by an earthquake and tsunami, causing it to leak radioactive materials. Pale grass blue butterflies near the damaged power plant have been found with mutations affecting their eyes and size of their wings.

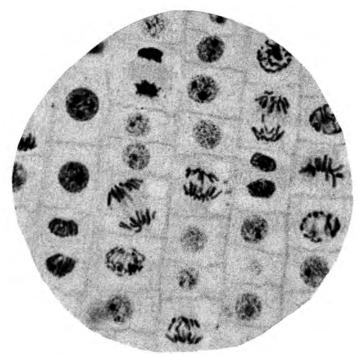


https://www.google.com/search?q=pale+grass+blue+butterfly

54 Identify a factor, other than nuclear radiation, that can cause a mutation. [1]

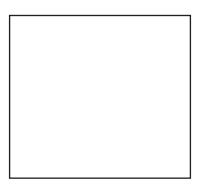
Base your answer to question 55 on the information and diagram below and on your knowledge of biology. The diagram represents a biological process.

A student made a wet mount slide of living onion root cells to observe with a microscope. The diagram below represents what the student saw.



Source: 2008 Pearson Education Inc., publishing as Pearson Benjamin Cummings

55 When cells divide, the chromosomes become visible. As the student studied this slide, she determined that some of the root cells were dividing. Support the student's claim by drawing a diagram in the box provided below of *one* specific cell on the slide where mitosis is clearly occurring. [1]



Part C

Answer all questions in this part. [17]

Directions (56–72): Record your answers in the spaces provided in this examination booklet.

Base your answers to questions 56 through 59 on the passage below and on your knowledge of biology.

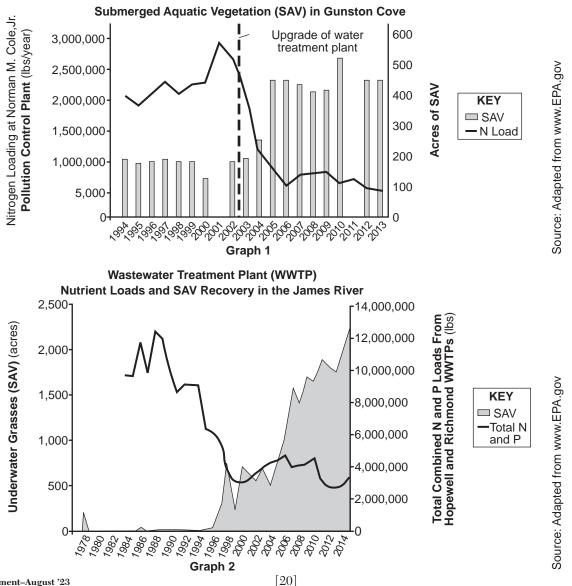
Plants Rebound in the Chesapeake Bay

Submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV), such as underwater grasses, in the Chesapeake Bay began to decrease in the 1950s as development began along the rivers that flowed into the bay. Runoff from home septic systems (sewage) and farms that use nitrogen fertilizers began to flow into the rivers that feed the bay. The wastes, containing both nitrogen and phosphorus, promoted algae growth, which blocked sunlight.

By 1972, there was no sea grass growing on the floor of the bay, and the quality of the water had decreased. The number of crabs and fish had also gone down.

Since 1985, as a result of the construction of wastewater treatment plants and other actions, the nitrogen and phosphorus levels have been reduced significantly, exceeding the initial goals set for 2025.

Some of the data collected from two locations within the Chesapeake Bay area are shown in the graphs below.



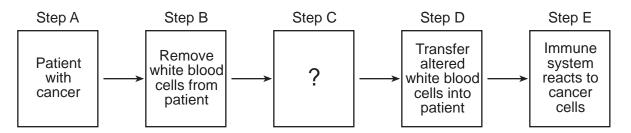
- 56 Using *one* specific example, describe how the development of areas along the rivers that ran into the Chesapeake Bay negatively affected the aquatic ecosystem of the bay. [1]
- 57 Identify *one* abiotic factor that most likely contributed to the decrease in submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) in the Chesapeake Bay. Support your answer by using evidence from the information given. [1]
- 58 Some ecologists claim that making continual improvements to the water treatment plants in the Chesapeake Bay area would be an effective way to continue to reduce or control water pollution. What evidence could be used to support this claim? [1]
- 59 Other than the actions taken to improve the Chesapeake Bay ecosystem, describe *one* other action that people may take to solve another environmental problem. [1]

Base your answers to questions 60 through 63 on the information below and on your knowledge of biology.

Anticancer Vaccines Become Personalized

Researchers are investigating a personalized approach to create an anticancer vaccine from a patient's own tumor cells. Some white blood cells are removed and grown with proteins unique to these cancer cells. The patient's white blood cells are changed by incorporating these proteins from the cancer cells. These altered blood cells can now work as a cancer vaccine. The cancer vaccine is transferred into the patient, and it stimulates the immune system to attack the cancer cells.

The diagram below represents a process that involves an anticancer vaccine.



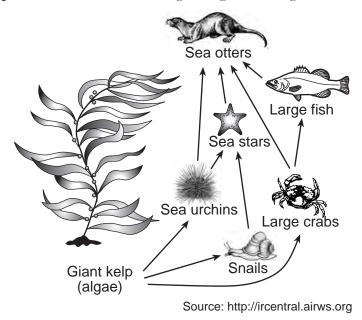
- 60 Describe the specific process that is carried out at Step C. [1]
- 61 Describe one way that the stimulated immune system could react to the cancer cells in Step E. [1]

62 Explain how the use of a patient's own cells can reduce the risk of a *negative* response to the vaccine. [1]

63 The anticancer vaccine is different in that it is made with the patient's own cells. Explain *one* way that the content of the anticancer vaccine is similar to other vaccines. [1]

Base your answers to questions 64 and 65 on the information and diagram below and on your knowledge of biology.

The diagram represents some of the organisms found in an ocean food web in an area where giant kelp form "forests" of this fast-growing kind of algae.



64 Explain why giant kelp is so essential to the stability of this food web. [1]

65 In some of the giant kelp forests off the coast of California, sea otters have disappeared in recent years. Explain why this change would be likely to have a large effect on the other organisms in this food web. [1]

Base your answer to question 66 on the information below and on your knowledge of biology.

To model a waste-disposal system, students placed organic food waste from the cafeteria into containers, covered them with mesh, and recorded their observations over a few weeks. They soon observed fungi growing on the waste. There was a decrease in the total mass of the food waste in the containers.

66 Identify the role of the fungi that grew on the food waste and explain its importance in a natural ecosystem. $\left[1\right]$

Base your answers to questions 67 through 70 on the information below and on your knowledge of biology.

Survival of the Sneakiest

It has long been thought that the evolutionary arms race is always won by the biggest or the most aggressive competitors. A closer look at nature reveals many instances in which the sneakiest is the winner.

For example, in the case of sunfish, most males are large and colorful and aggressively defend the territory in which they mate with females. However, there are some smaller and less colorful males in the population that mimic females in appearance. Since they resemble females, these males that mimic females are invited into the aggressive males' territory. While the big, colorful males are busy protecting their mating territory, these sneaky mimics swim right by them and fertilize the females' eggs.

On the island of Kauai, a similar scenario has played out. Crickets are a favorite meal for the larvae of a particular fly species, *Ormia ochracea*. Adult flies follow the mating calls of a chirping cricket and deposit their larvae on the cricket's back. The fly larvae burrow into the cricket, eventually killing it.

Some male crickets on the island are born silent, which helps protect them from attracting the flies, but they can't chirp to attract a mate. However, they can intercept and mate with the female crickets who are on their way to the chirping males.

67 Identify an event that most likely caused the first of these mimic sunfish to be smaller and less colorful. [1]

68 Winning, in an evolutionary sense, is all about reproductive success. Explain why these sneaky mimic sunfish are reproductively successful. [1]

- 69 Explain why being a silent male cricket would *not* be an advantage on an island that had no flies of the species *Ormia ochracea*. [1]
- 70 Describe how natural selection can explain the increase in the number of silent crickets on the island of Kauai. [1]

Base your answers to questions 71 and 72 on the information below and on your knowledge of biology.

Antler Growth

As part of their natural life cycle, deer produce antlers every year. Scientists have noted that fallow deer antlers can grow to 50 inches in length and 20 pounds in weight in a single season. That would require the antlers to grow almost an inch per day in summer. Some of the processes involved in antler growth are similar to bone growth in humans. In fact, two genes in one species of deer that are primarily responsible for rapid antler growth are also found in humans.



Source: biologydictionary.net/fallow-deer/

- 71 Explain how it is possible that two organisms as different as humans and deer could have two identical genes. [1]
- 72 Describe how this research could benefit humans who are dealing with injuries to or diseases of the skeletal system. [1]

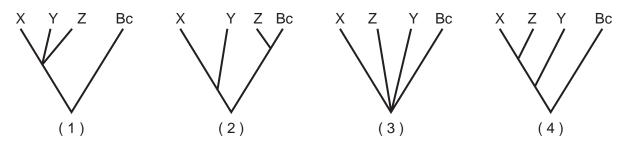
Part D

Answer all questions in this part. [13]

Directions (73–85): For those questions that are multiple choice, record on the separate answer sheet the *number* of the choice that, of those given, best completes each statement or answers each question. For all other questions in this part, follow the directions given and record your answers in the spaces provided in this examination booklet.

- 73 The finches of the Galapagos Islands likely came from a few birds that were able to fly there from Ecuador about two to three million years ago. Once the finches reached the islands, some
 - (1) quickly changed to fit the new environment of the islands
 - (2) outcompeted all other bird species native to the islands
 - (3) survived based on the adaptations that they had to the new environment
 - (4) mated with other bird species on the islands, resulting in birds better adapted to the new environment
- 74 The amino acid sequence of four species, *Bc*, *X*, *Y*, and *Z*, were compared to determine their evolutionary relationship. Based on the amino acid sequence below, identify the evolutionary tree that best represents the relationship between the species.

Species	Amino Acid Sequence				
Bc	Val His Leu Thr Pro Glu Glu				
X Val His Leu Ser Pro Val Glu					
Y	Val His Leu Ser Pro Val Glu				
Z	Val His Leu Thr Pro Glu Glu				



- 75 The gel electrophoresis patterns for two species can be compared to reveal similarities and differences in
 - (1) body structures
 - (2) base sequences

- (3) gametes produced
- (4) nutrients required

Base your answers to questions 76 and 77 on the information below and on your knowledge of biology.

Pulse Rates

A student heard a sports news report that several fans who were wearing smartwatches received irregular heart rate warnings as they were viewing the last few minutes of a football playoff game. The alert stated that they had an irregular increase in heart rate during a time in which they were inactive.

The student decided to conduct his own experiment in order to determine if watching an exciting sporting event would increase the pulse rates of viewers. He asked six of his friends to watch a championship game and had them take their pulse rates during the first quarter of the game and at the end of the game. The results are recorded in the data table below.

Friend	1	2	3	4	5	6
Pulse Rate First Quarter of Game	98	86	70	101	89	110
Pulse Rate End of Game	125	111	98	122	90	130

Pulse Rate (beats/min) for Each Friend

- 76 The dependent variable in this experiment is the
 - (1) number of friends participating
 - (2) times when the pulse rate was taken
- (3) pulse rate of each person
- (4) viewing of the sporting event
- 77 The student stated that data from his experiment supported his claim that pulse rate increases when watching an exciting sporting event. State an argument for why someone might *not* accept his claim. [1]

78 A sequence of mRNA bases that can produce a certain protein was found to be:

UUU GGG CCC AUA

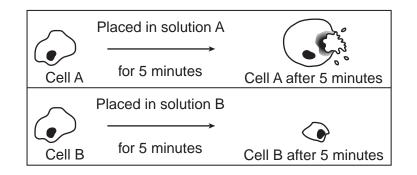
Write the sequence of DNA that would produce this sequence of mRNA bases. [1]

79 State *one* laboratory procedure that would be used to make the organelles of onion cells on a wet mount slide more visible for viewing with a compound light microscope. [1]

- 80 Over many years, one particular species of finch has been studied on one of the Galapagos Islands. A family tree representing many generations has been constructed. It includes every bird of that species. Some family groups (branches of the tree) produced offspring that survived and other family groups did not. Provide *one* possible reason why some family groups did not survive. [1]
- 81 The differing rates of migration of DNA fragments in a gel electrophoresis procedure is mainly due to
 - (1) the volume of the DNA sample used
 - (2) the size of the DNA fragments produced
 - (3) the number of DNA fragments in the gel
 - (4) the size of the wells of the gel
- 82 Which part of the *Beaks of Finches* lab activity was changed in order to simulate the different conditions on various islands?
 - (1) type of beak
 - (2) size of beak

- (3) type of seeds present
- (4) size of stomach container
- 83 Explain how the Beaks of Finches laboratory activity demonstrated the concept of competition. [1]

84 Two skin cells from the same animal were each placed in a different solution. The diagrams below represent the changes that occurred in each cell after 5 minutes in each solution.



Which cell was placed in a solution containing a higher concentration of salt than the concentration of salt normally found in these skin cells? Support your answer. [1]

85 After an experimental study, during the peer review process, it was suggested that the experiment should be replicated. Explain why there is a need to replicate experiments and studies before conclusions are accepted by the scientific community. [1]

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